REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE WOLFE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE WOLFE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2010

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit, on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information financial statements of Wolfe County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$3,673,355 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$2,064,587 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2010, with total net assets of \$3,673,355. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$10,989,321 with \$445,502 due within the next year.

Report Comment:

2010-01 The Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The fiscal court deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

CONTENTS

D	٨		
1	А	U	c

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR´S REPORT	1
WOLFE COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	10
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	14
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	18
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	23
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	41
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	44
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	48
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION	57
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Raymond Hurst, Former Wolfe County Judge/Executive
Honorable Dennis Brooks, Wolfe County Judge/Executive
Members of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wolfe County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Wolfe County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wolfe County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Raymond Hurst, Former Wolfe County Judge/Executive
Honorable Dennis Brooks, Wolfe County Judge/Executive
Members of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wolfe County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2011 on our consideration of Wolfe County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2010-01 The Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

June 21, 2011

WOLFE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Fiscal Court Members:

Raymond Hurst County Judge/Executive

Deweese Wilson Magistrate
Marvin Carson Magistrate
Garrett Denniston Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Stephen Johnson County Attorney

Dennis Brooks Jailer

Steve Oliver County Clerk

Debbie Sparks Circuit Court Clerk

Chris Carson Sheriff

Tim Ferguson Property Valuation Administrator

James Frank Porter Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Reva Terrill County Treasurer

Barbara Phillips Finance Officer

Barbara Phillips Occupational Tax Collector

Rebecca Long Payroll Officer
Frankie Bryant Road Supervisor
Rebecca Long 911 Administrator



WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,727,845
Total Current Assets	11,727,845
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation:	
Land and Land Improvements	675,351
Construction in Progress	912,216
Buildings and Building Improvements	413,256
Equipment	102,660
Vehicles	287,853
Infrastructure	543,495
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,934,831
Total Assets	14,662,676
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	
Revenue Bonds	430,000
Financing Obligations Payable	15,502
Total Current Liabilities	445,502
Total Callent Eddomites	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Revenue Bonds	10,500,000
Financing Obligations Payable	43,819
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,543,819
Total Liabilities	10,989,321
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets,	
Net of Related Debt	1,608,768
Unrestricted	2,064,587
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,673,355



WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues Received								
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital ants and tributions			
Primary Government:											
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$	400,661	\$	47,159	\$	486,642	\$	75,272			
Protection to Persons and Property		406,561		3,672		154,777					
General Health and Sanitation		7,600									
Social Services		61,023									
Recreation and Culture		1,990									
Roads		892,438		89,584		1,158,600					
Interest on Long-Term Debt		161,949									
Capital Projects		472,683									
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,404,905	\$	140,415	\$	1,800,019	\$	75,272			

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Personal Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Occupational Taxes

Other Taxes

Excess Fees

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and **Changes in Net Assets** Primary Government Governmental Activities \$ 208,412 (248,112)(7,600)(61,023)(1,990)355,746 (161,949)(472,683) (389,199)93,635 21,808 27,210 364,082 83,647 35,250 22,928 36,986 685,546

> 296,347 3,377,008

3,673,355



WOLFE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

					Gov	Local vernment conomic	S	pecial
	(General	Road	Jail	As	sistance	P	rojects
		Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	
ASSETS				_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	440,364	\$ 462,718	\$ 6,908	\$	91,234	\$	965,464
Total Assets		440,364	462,718	6,908		91,234		965,464
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		542	13,834	505		1,289		
Unreserved:								
General Fund		439,822						
Special Revenue Funds			448,884	6,403		89,945		
Capital Projects Fund								965,464
Total Fund Balances	\$	440,364	\$ 462,718	\$ 6,908	\$	91,234	\$	965,464

WOLFE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Fund			Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
	\$	9,663,258	\$ 97,899	\$ 11,727,845			
-		9,663,258	97,899	11,727,845			
•							
			28	16,198			
		9,663,258	97,871	439,822 643,103 10,628,722			
	\$	9,663,258	\$ 97,899	\$ 11,727,845			

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 11,727,845
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	4,249,242
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,314,411)
Asset Held for Resale Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	
Long-Term Debt Is Not Due and Payable In The Current Period and, Therefore, Is Not	
Reported In The Funds.	
Bonds	(10,930,000)
Financing Obligations	(59,321)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,673,355



WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Road		Jail	E	Local vernment conomic ssistance	Special Projects
	Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 588,052	\$		\$	\$		\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	5,531	72,06	55				
Excess Fees	35,250						
Licenses and Permits	858						
Intergovernmental	187,573	1,158,60	00	62,842		227,004	
Charges for Services	56						
Miscellaneous	40,714	89,58	34	571		4	
Interest	1,691	1,85	50	12		380	18,722
Total Revenues	859,725	1,322,09	99	63,425		227,388	18,722
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	474,245					27,086	
Protection to Persons and Property	74,569			273,151		1,343	
General Health and Sanitation	42,514			,		16,112	
Social Services						7,600	
Roads		745,03	32			103,289	
Debt Service		119,59				5,700	
Capital Projects							
Administration	276,582	186,59	91	14,778		10,319	
Total Expenditures	867,910	1,051,21		287,929		171,449	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,185)	270,88	32	(224,504)		55,939	18,722
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Payment of Bond Anticipation Note							
Revenue Bond Proceeds							
Premium of Bond							
Transfers From Other Funds	205,166			229,600			
Transfers To Other Funds	(180,043)	(152,16	56)	225,000		(137,500)	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)	 25,123	(152,16		229,600		(137,500)	 -
Total I maneing bources (Oses)	 20,123	(132,10		227,000		(137,300)	 -
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,938	118,71	16	5,096		(81,561)	18,722
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	423,426	344,00)2	1,812		172,795	946,742
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 440,364	\$ 462,71	18	\$ 6,908	\$	91,234	\$ 965,464

WOLFE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Fund	Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	\$	\$ 588,052	
	2,330	79,926	
	167,207	202,457	
		858	
		1,636,019	
		56	
7,082	3,097	141,052	
29,904	273	52,832	
36,986	172,907	2,701,252	
		501,331	
	34,199	383,262	
	ŕ	58,626	
		7,600	
		848,321	
36,655		161,949	
733,279	114,787	848,066	
116,395	29	604,694	
886,329	149,015	3,413,849	
(849,343)	23,892	(712,597)	
(049,545)	23,892	(712,397)	
(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)	
10,930,000		10,930,000	
375,383		375,383	
	87,943	522,709	
	(53,000)	(522,709)	
8,305,383	34,943	8,305,383	
7,456,040	58,835	7,592,786	
2,207,218	39,064	4,135,059	
\$ 9,663,258	\$ 97,899	\$ 11,727,845	



WOLFE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,592,786
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of	
Activities Are Different Because Governmental Funds Report Capital	
Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the	
Cost of Those Assets Is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives	
and Reported as Depreciation Expense.	
Capital Outlay	779,873
Depreciation Expense	(166,060)
Disposal of Assest Held For Resale	(99,000)
The Issuance Of Long-Term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Financing Obligations)	
Provides Current Financial Resources To Governmental Funds While	
Financing Obligation And Bond Principal Payments Are Expensed In	
The Governmental Funds As A Use Of Current Financial Resources.	
These Transactions Have No Effect On Net Assets.	
Revenue Bond Proceeds	(10,930,000)
Revenue Anticipation Note Payments	3,000,000
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	118,748
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 296,347

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	25
Note 2.	DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS	30
	CAPITAL ASSETS	
	LONG-TERM DEBT	
NOTE 5.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	33
Note 6.	INSURANCE	34
	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS	

WOLFE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Wolfe County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The County has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

The Wolfe County Public Properties Corporation

The Wolfe County Fiscal Court appoints the voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Wolfe County Public Properties Corporation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Wolfe County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Wolfe County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Wolfe County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the county. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The Fiscal court reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for local government development funds received from the state government. The funds may be used for roads, protection of persons and property, social services, and general health and sanitation expenditures.

Special Projects Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for economic development revenues for Wolfe County Fiscal Court. The primary source of the money for the county is coal severance funds received. The funds may be used for economic development.

Public Properties Corporation – The purpose of this fund is to account for the bond issue and the AOC building construction costs. The primary source of the money is from the issuance of a bond. The funds are used for the building of a new AOC Judicial building.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Area Development Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Search and Rescue Fund, Local Government Economic Development Fund, Cemetery Fund, and E-911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Area Development Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Search and Rescue Fund, Local Government Economic Development Fund, Cemetery Fund, and E-911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund:

The Special Projects Fund and Public Properties Corporation Fund are presented as capital projects fund. Capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life	
	Threshold		(Years)	
Land and Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25	

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Public Properties Corporation to be budgeted.

J. Joint Venture

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court:

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J, Joint Venture (Continued)

Three Forks Regional Jail

On October 6, 2000, the counties of Lee, Owsley, and Wolfe (the participating counties) entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement in order to provide for joint and cooperative action in the acquisition, construction, installation, maintenance and financing of the Three Forks Regional Jail. Pursuant to this interlocal agreement, Lee County (the lead county) established the Three Forks Public Properties Corporation, a legally separate organization, to act as an agency and instrumentality of the participating counties in financing the acquisition and construction of the Three Forks Regional Jail. On December 1, 2000 the corporation issued \$6,295,000 of first mortgage revenue bonds

The only source of funds expected by the Three Forks Public Properties Corporation to meet the debt service requirements on the bonds are the rental payments from the participating counties, as stipulated in the lease and sublease agreements dated October 1, 2000. Pursuant to the lease and sublease, each participating county covenants to meet its proportionate share of the debt service requirements on the bond as follows(the "proportionate share" or "use allowance"): 40% for Lee County, 22% for Owsley County, and 38% for Wolfe County.

On December 1, 2000, the three participating counties established the Three Forks Regional Jail Authority pursuant to the provisions of KRS 441.800 and KRS 441.810 to act as the constituted authority of the participating counties in the acquisition, construction, equipping, and operation of the Three Forks Regional Jail.

The Three Forks Regional Jail Authority and the Three Forks Public Property Corporation are comprised of an eight-member board of directors. Lee County appoints three of the eight members. Wolfe and Owsley counties appoint two members each. In addition the Lee County Jailer is a required member of the board.

A copy of the Three Forks Regional Jail audit report may be obtained by writing the management at 2475 Center Street, Beattyville, KY 41311 or on the web at www.auditor.ky.gov.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(D). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of June 30, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity										
	Е	Beginning		<u>-</u> :		-		Ending			
Primary Government:		Balance	I	ncreases	D	ecreases		Balance			
Governmental Activities:											
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:											
Land and Land Improvements	\$	675,351	\$		\$		\$	675,351			
Construction in Progress		178,938	·	733,278	·		·	912,216			
Total Capital Assets Not Being							-				
Depreciated		854,289		733,278				1,587,567			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:											
Buildings		762,402						762,402			
Building Improvements		15,695						15,695			
Equipment		237,614						237,614			
Vehicles		798,152						798,152			
Infrastructure		801,217		46,595				847,812			
Total Capital Assets Being											
Depreciated		2,615,080		46,595				2,661,675			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:											
Buildings		(347,418)		(12,193)				(359,611)			
Building Improvements		(4,184)		(1,046)				(5,230)			
Equipment		(111,550)		(23,404)				(134,954)			
Vehicles		(451,450)		(58,849)				(510,299)			
Infrastructure		(233,749)		(70,568)				(304,317)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,148,351)		(166,060)				(1,314,411)			
Total Capital Assets, Being											
Depreciated, Net		1,466,729		(119,465)				1,347,264			
Governmental Activities Capital											
Assets, Net	\$	2,321,018	\$	613,813	\$	0		2,934,831			
Governmental Activities:											
General Government					\$	27,914					
Protection to Persons and Property						28,299					
Social Services						2,397					
Recreation and Culture						1,990					
Roads, Including Depreciation of Gene	eral Iı	nfrastructure		105,460							
22000, mending pepreemion of Gen	-1 (1)		12000			100,100					
Total Depreciation Expense - Government	nental	l Activities			\$	166,060					

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Kentucky Association of Counties - Dump Truck

On June 12, 2008, the Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties for the purpose of purchasing a new dump truck. The principal of the agreement was \$99,000 with repayment to be made on June 20, 2010. The County will make monthly interest payments commencing July 20, 2008. The principal balance of the agreement was \$0 as of June 30, 2010.

B. Kentucky Area Development District Leasing Trust - Jail Renovations

On April 16, 2006, the Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with Kentucky Area Development District for the purpose of financing their portion of the Three Forks Regional Jail renovation. The principal of the agreement was \$20,000 with repayment to be made on June 30, 2010. The County will make annual installments in accordance with the lease terms. The principal balance of the agreement was \$0 as of June 30, 2010.

C. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Judicial Building

In April 2010, the Wolfe County Public Properties Corporation entered into an agreement for the issuance of \$3,000,000 in First Mortgage Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes to finance costs during the initial construction phase of a Justice Center. The notes were issued for a two-year period, with semi-annual interest payments due May 1 and November 1 each year, beginning November 1, 2008, and principal due upon maturity at July 1, 2010. Principal on the notes were paid in full from the issuance of revenue bonds in April 2010, where Wolfe County Public Properties Corporation entered into an agreement for the issuance of \$10,930,000 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, for the costs of the overall project. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period, with semi-annual interest payments due May 1 and November 1 of each year beginning November 1, 2010, and principal due upon maturity at May 1, 2030. Debt service requirements for the Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activites							
Fiscal Year Ended								
June 30	Princip	al	Interest					
2011	\$ 430,	000 \$	374,376					
2012	425,	000	377,500					
2013	435,	000	371,125					
2014	440,	000	364,600					
2015	450,	000	355,800					
2016-2020	2,420,	000	1,606,350					
2021-2025	2,840,	000	1,181,650					
2026-2030	3,490,	000	534,150					
Totals	\$10,930,	000 \$	5,165,551					

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Kentucky Association of Counties - Trucks and Snow Blades

On January 26, 2009, the Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties for the purpose of purchasing trucks and snow plows. The principal of the agreement was \$80,000. The County will make monthly principal and interest payments commencing February 20, 2009. The principal balance of the agreement was \$59,321 as of June 30, 2010. Principle payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the contract are presented below.

	(Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended									
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest & Fe						
2011	\$	15,502	\$	2,400					
2012		16,296		1,743					
2013		17,129		1,049					
2014		10,394		278					
Totals	\$	59,321	\$	5,470					

E. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:							
Revenue Bonds Financing Obligations	\$ 3,000,000 178,069	\$ 10,930,000	\$ 3,000,000 118,748	\$ 10,930,000 59,321	\$ 430,000 15,502		
Governmental Activities Long Term Liabilities	\$ 3,178,069	\$ 10,930,000	\$ 3,118,748	\$10,989,321	\$ 445,502		

Note 5. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent.

Note 5. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must met the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 6. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Wolfe County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 7. Prior Period Adjustments

	Gov	ernmental						
	Activities		General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund	
Beginning balance Adjustments:	\$	3,380,044	\$	424,872	\$	344,813	\$	2,591
Prior year voided checks		(3,036)		(1,446)		(811)		(779)
Restated beginning balance	\$	3,377,008	\$	423,426	\$	344,002	\$	1,812

WOLFE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	GENERAL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts, sudgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	458,400	\$	466,564	\$	588,052	\$	121,488	
In Lieu Tax Payments		9,000		9,000		5,531		(3,469)	
Excess Fees				19,031		35,250		16,219	
Licenses and Permits		1,900		1,900		858		(1,042)	
Intergovernmental Revenue		59,760		59,760		187,573		127,813	
Charges for Services		100		100		56		(44)	
Miscellaneous		17,500		22,600		40,714		18,114	
Interest		1,200		1,200		1,691		491	
Total Revenues		547,860		580,155		859,725		279,570	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		466,925		541,437		474,245		67,192	
Protection to Persons and Property		67,330		90,788		74,569		16,219	
General Health and Sanitation		127,051		109,123		42,514		66,609	
Administration		247,414		354,659		276,582		78,077	
Total Expenditures		908,720		1,096,007		867,910		228,097	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(360,860)		(515,852)		(8,185)		507,667	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers To Other Funds		(51,940)		(51,940)		(180,043)		128,103	
Transfers From Other Funds		152,166		152,166		205,166		(53,000)	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	100,226	\$	100,226	\$	25,123	\$	75,103	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(260,634)		(415,626)		16,938		432,564	
Fund Balance - Beginning		260,634		415,626		423,426		7,800	

0 \$

440,364

440,364

Fund Balance - Ending

WOLFE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND									
	Budgeted A			ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)		
REVENUES										
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$	78,000	\$	78,000	\$	72,065	\$	(5,935)		
Intergovernmental Revenue		867,628		969,006		1,158,600		189,594		
Miscellaneous		90,100		90,100		89,584		(516)		
Interest		4,000		4,000		1,850		(2,150)		
Total Revenues		1,039,728		1,141,106		1,322,099		180,993		
EXPENDITURES										
Roads		856,800		958,948		745,032		213,916		
Debt Service		117,762		120,762		119,594		1,168		
Capital Projects		50,000		50,000				50,000		
Administration		247,000		243,230		186,591		56,639		
Total Expenditures		1,271,562		1,372,940		1,051,217		321,723		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(231,834)		(231,834)		270,882		502,716		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers To Other Funds		(152,166)		(152,166)		(152,166)				
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		(152,166)		(152,166)		(152,166)				
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(384,000)		(384,000)		118,716		502,716		
Fund Balance - Beginning		384,000		384,000		344,002		(39,998)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	462,718	\$	462,718		

WOLFE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Ai (Bi	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	67,768	\$	67,768	\$	62,842	\$	(4,926)	
Miscellaneous						571		571	
Interest		125		125		12		(113)	
Total Revenues		67,893		67,893		63,425		(4,468)	
EXPENDITURES									
Protection to Persons and Property		228,200		273,695		273,151		544	
Administration		17,633		14,933		14,778		155	
Total Expenditures		245,833		288,628		287,929	-	699	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(177,940)		(220,735)		(224,504)		(3,769)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers From Other Funds		171,940		214,735		229,600		14,865	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		171,940		214,735		229,600		14,865	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(6,000)		(6,000)		5,096		11,096	
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,000		6,000		1,812		(4,188)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,908	\$	6,908	

WOLFE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

						Actual		ance with	
		Budgeted	A mo	uinte		mounts, udgetary	Final Budget Positive		
		Driginal	AIIIO	Final		Basis)	(Negative)		
REVENUES		originar				Dasis)	(inegative)		
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	165,000	\$	165,000	\$	227,004	\$	62,004	
Miscellaneous	-	,	_	,	-	4	-	4	
Interest		300		300		380		80	
Total Revenues		165,300		165,300		227,388		62,088	
	-					- ,		,	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		25,886		27,486		27,086		400	
Protection to Persons and Property		2,500		2,500		1,343		1,157	
General Health and Sanitation		11,005		16,605		16,112		493	
Social Services		7,700		7,700		7,600		100	
Recreation and Culture		4,000		200				200	
Roads		106,759		103,359		103,289		70	
Debt Service		5,350		5,700		5,700			
Administration		12,100		11,750		10,319		1,431	
Total Expenditures		175,300		175,300		171,449		3,851	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,000)		(10,000)		55,939		65,939	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers To Other Funds		(120,000)		(162,795)		(137,500)		25,295	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		(120,000)		(162,795)		(137,500)		25,295	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(130,000)		(172,795)		(81,561)		91,234	
Fund Balance - Beginning		130,000		172,795		172,795			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	91,234	\$	91,234	

WOLFE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2010

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

	Deve	Area elopment Fund	Pro	Fire otection Fund	And	earch Rescue Fund	Gov Ecc Deve	Local ernment onomic elopment Fund	etery ınd
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,969	\$	9,049	\$	1,371	\$	3,568	\$ 50
Total Assets		1,969		9,049		1,371		3,568	50
FUND BALANCES									
Unreserved:									
Special Revenue Funds		1,969		9,049		1,371		3,568	50
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,969	\$	9,049	\$	1,371	\$	3,568	\$ 50

WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information June 30, 2010 (Continued)

 E-911 Fund	No Gove	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
\$ 81,892	\$	97,899
81,892		97,899
 81,892		97,899
\$ 81,892	\$	97,899



WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Area Development Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Search And Rescue Fund	Local Government Economic Development Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	\$ 2,330	\$	\$
Intergovernmental				75,272
Miscellaneous			3,097	
Interest	6		2	-
Total Revenues	6	2,330	3,099	75,272
EXPENDITURES Protection to Persons and Property		2,317	2,543	
Social Services		2,317	2,543	
Capital Projects	1,748			113,039
Capitai i Tojects	1,740		29	113,037
Total Expenditures	1,748	2,317	2,572	113,039
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(1.742)	12	527	(27.747)
Over Expenditures	(1,742)	13	527	(37,767)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers From Other Funds				87,943
Transfers To Other Funds				(53,000)
Total Financing Sources (Uses)				34,943
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,742)	13	527	(2,824)
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,711	9,036	844	6,392
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,969	\$ 9,049	\$ 1,371	\$ 3,568

WOLFE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Cemetery Fund		E-911 Fund	Gov	Total on-Major ernmental Funds
\$	\$		\$	2,330
		91,935		167,207
				3,097
		265		273
		92,200		172,907
		29,339		34,199
				114,787
				29
		29,339		149,015
	_	62,861		23,892
				87,943
				(53,000)
				34,943
		62,861		58,835
50		19,031		39,064
\$ 50	\$	81,892	\$	97,899



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Raymond Hurst, Former Wolfe County Judge/Executive The Honorable Dennis Brooks, Wolfe County Judge/Executive Members of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wolfe County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2011. Wolfe County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wolfe County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wolfe County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wolfe County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying comment and recommendation, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation as item 2010-01 to be a material weakness.



209 ST. CLAIR STREET

FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817





Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Wolfe County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Management's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the comment and recommendation. We did not audit management's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

June 21, 2011

WOLFE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WOLFE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2010-01 The Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

A lack of adequate segregation of duties exists over receipts and payroll preparation. The Finance Officer receives all receipts, makes deposits, and posts to the receipts ledger. The Finance Officer prepares all payroll reports, prepares checks to transfer monies from the County's funds into the payroll revolving account, and posts the payroll expenditures to the appropriations ledger. Also, the Finance Officer is the only person who signs paychecks and reconciles all bank accounts, including payroll account.

Segregation of duties over receipts and payroll preparation or implementation of compensating controls when limited by staff size is essential for providing protection from inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

We recommend the fiscal court segregate the duties of receipts and payroll preparation or implement compensating controls to provide oversight to the employees responsible for these duties. The employee providing this oversight should document his or her review by initialing source documents. Examples of compensating controls are:

- A person independent of cash receipts, such as the County Judge/Executive, recount the daily deposit and agree with daily receipt documentation.
- An independent person should compare the Fiscal court approvals to invoices and cancelled checks. This person should not prepare checks.
- A person independent of payroll preparation review the payroll reports and supporting documentation.
- A person independent of cash receipts and disbursements reviews the bank reconciliation prepared by the Finance Officer.
- An independent person prepares the bank reconciliation.
- An independent person receives the unopened bank statement and reviews for unusual items before it is given to reconciler.

Former County Judge/Executive Raymond Hurst's Response: None.

County Judge/Executive Dennis Brook's Response: Will comply when funds are available.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

WOLFE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS WOLFE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Wolfe County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program and Local Government Economic Development Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer